



## RT Box controlCARD Interface

**User Manual** March 2021



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*RT Box controlCARD Interface*

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# Introduction

The PLECS RT Box 1 is a powerful real-time simulator based on a 1 GHz Xilinx Zynq system on a chip (SOC). With its 64 digital and 32 analog I/O signals, the RT Box is well equipped for hardware-in-the-loop (HIL) testing as well as rapid control prototyping.

If employed for HIL testing, the RT Box typically emulates the power stage of a power electronic system. The power stage could be a simple DC/DC converter, an AC drive system or a complex multi-level inverter system. The device under test (DUT) is the control hardware connected to the RT Box. In such a setup, the complete controller can be tested without the real power stage.

To simplify the connection of external hardware and to provide convenient access to the RT Box inputs and outputs, Plexim offers a set of RT Box accessories.

The **RT Box controlCARD Interface** described in this document has two controlCARD slots which facilitate a simple connection of the RT Box with the 100-pin and 180-pin controlCARD modules from Texas Instruments (TI). It enables users to test control algorithms implemented on C2000 MCUs without developing their own interface hardware. The pinout of the controlCARD Interface board has been optimized for the following development kits:

- Piccolo controlCARDs (280049, 28027, 28035, 28075, 28069)
- Delfino controlCARDs (28335, 2837xD)
- Concerto controlCARDs (F28M35, F28M36)

The controlCARD Interface may also be used with other development boards compliant with the controlCARD pinout.



## Interface Board Overview

The interface board provides a 100-pin socket for the older 100-pin control-CARDS, as well as a 180-pin socket for the newer modules. Fig. 2.1 shows the top view of the controlCARD interface board.

All RT Box output signals are buffered to protect the MCU from overvoltage, and local opamps provide a low-impedance source for the MCUs ADC inputs. The board provides access to three analog outputs labeled *AOUT-13...15* via BNC connectors. For status communication with the RT Box, the board features four sliding switches and four LEDs labeled *DIO-28...DIO-31*.

Additionally, external JTAG adapters can be connected to the MCUs by means of two 14-pin headers labeled *JTAG-100, JTAG-180*. Each controlCARD is wired to an isolated CAN driver, allowing communication among the control-CARDS as well as external equipment. The board also provides a 64 kbit Serial Electrically Erasable PROM for user specific purposes.

A 6-pin unshrouded connector labeled *SCI* for FTDI cable is provided to communicate with older 100-pin controlCARDs which do not support serial interface.

### ControlCARD Socket Pins

Tables 2.1 and 2.2 list the pin assignments of 100-pin and 180-pin controlCARD sockets and the RT Box signals.

A more detailed table, including the available processor functions at each pin for the supported controlCARDs, can be found in the Appendix.

RT Box	100-pin		RT Box
	1	51	
	2	52	
	3	53	
	4	54	
	5	55	
	6	56	
AO14	7	57	AO15
	8	58	
AO12	9	59	AO13
	10	60	
AO10	11	61	AO11
	12	62	
AO8	13	63	AO9
	14	64	
AO6	15	65	AO7
	16	66	
AO4	17	67	AO5
	18	68	
AO2	19	69	AO3
	20	70	
AO0	21	71	AO1
	22	72	
DI17	23	73	DI16
DI19	24	74	DI18
DI21	25	75	DI20

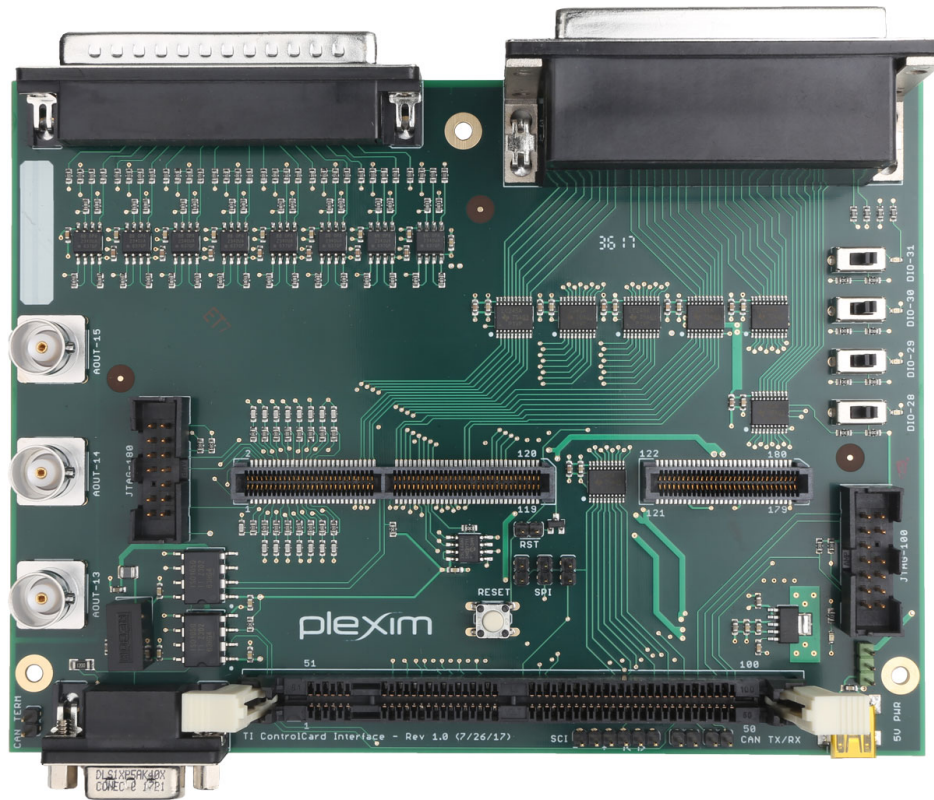
RT Box	100-pin		RT Box
DI23	26	76	DI22
	27	77	
DI25	28	78	DI24
DI27	29	79	DI26
DI29	30	80	DI28
	31	81	
	32	82	
	33	83	DO0
	34	84	DO5
DO6	35	85	DO7
DO4	36	86	
	37	87	
	38	88	
	39	89	
DO2	40	90	DO3
	41	91	DO1
	42	92	
	43	93	
	44	94	
DI31	45	95	DI30
	46	96	
	47	97	
	48	98	
	49	99	
	50	100	

**Table 2.1: 100-pin controlCARD socket**



<b>RT Box</b>	<b>180-pin</b>		<b>RT Box</b>
	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	
	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	
	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	
	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	
AO15	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	
AO13	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	AO14
	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	AO12
AO11	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>	
AO9	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	AO10
	<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>	AO8
AO7	<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>	
AO5	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	AO6
AO3	<b>25</b>	<b>26</b>	AO4
AO1	<b>27</b>	<b>28</b>	AO2
	<b>29</b>	<b>30</b>	AO0
	<b>31</b>	<b>32</b>	
NC	<b>33...46</b>		NC
	<b>47</b>	<b>48</b>	
DI0	<b>49</b>	<b>50</b>	DI4
DI1	<b>51</b>	<b>52</b>	DI5
DI2	<b>53</b>	<b>54</b>	DI6
DI3	<b>55</b>	<b>56</b>	DI7
DI8	<b>57</b>	<b>58</b>	DI12
DI9	<b>59</b>	<b>60</b>	DI13
DI10	<b>61</b>	<b>62</b>	DO11
DI11	<b>63</b>	<b>64</b>	DO12
	<b>65</b>	<b>66</b>	
	<b>67</b>	<b>68</b>	DO13
	<b>69</b>	<b>70</b>	DO14
	<b>71</b>	<b>72</b>	DO27
	<b>73</b>	<b>74</b>	DO26
DO25	<b>75</b>	<b>76</b>	
DO24	<b>77</b>	<b>78</b>	
DO23	<b>79</b>	<b>80</b>	
DO22	<b>81</b>	<b>82</b>	
	<b>83</b>	<b>84</b>	
	<b>85</b>	<b>86</b>	
	<b>87</b>	<b>88</b>	DI14
DO21	<b>89</b>	<b>90</b>	DI15
DO20	<b>91</b>	<b>92</b>	
	<b>93</b>	<b>94</b>	
	<b>95</b>	<b>96</b>	
	<b>97</b>	<b>98</b>	
	<b>99</b>	<b>100</b>	DO19
	<b>101</b>	<b>102</b>	DO18
	<b>103</b>	<b>104</b>	DO17
	<b>105</b>	<b>106</b>	DO16
	<b>107</b>	<b>108</b>	
NC	<b>109...118</b>		NC
	<b>119</b>	<b>120</b>	<i>RESET</i> (DO15)
	<b>121</b>	<b>122</b>	
NC	<b>123...180</b>		NC

**Table 2.2: 180-pin controlCARD socket**



**Figure 2.1: RT Box controlCARD Interface Board**

## Onboard Voltage Supply

Power to the controlCARD interface board can be supplied in two ways, by selecting the appropriate jumper terminals on the bottom right corner of the board. One way is to supply power directly from the RT Box. The second is through an external source using the USB connector labeled **5V PWR**. This allows the board to be used without the RT Box. The interface board contains a linear voltage regulator that steps down the 5 V supplied externally or by the RT Box to 3.3 V required by the controlCARD. A green LED on the lower right section of the board indicates power supply to the board.

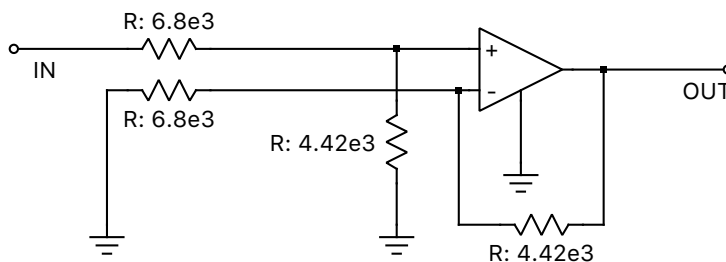
## Analog Output

All 16 analog outputs from the RT Box are routed to both 100-pin and 180-pin control card slots. It is possible to operate two cards at the same time, although the user must be aware that the sampling of one MCU could affect the measurements of the other. If both control card slots are populated, the analog signals must be shared by the controlCARDS. Three analog output channels *AOUT-13*...*AOOUT-15* are also accessible at the BNC connectors.

All 16 analog output signals are passed through a rail-to-rail CMOS operational amplifier signal conditioning circuit, as shown in Fig. 2.2, for scaling the voltages to 0 V and 3.3 V, and for protecting the inputs of the MCU from damage by over-voltage. This introduces a gain of 4.42/6.8 (or 0.65) in between the analog output pins of the RT Box and the analog input pins of the controlCARD.

Additionally, each analog channel routed to the 180-pin controlCARD socket is buffered with a capacitor (2200 pF) against ground, to lower the source impedance of the channel so that the sample and hold capacitor of the MCU can be charged quickly. A small resistance (56  $\Omega$ ) is also placed in series to stabilize the driving opamp circuit.

The 100-pin controlCARD socket is excluded from this step and receives analog output signals directly after signal conditioning, as these resistors and capacitors are already populated on the 100-pin controlCARDS.



**Figure 2.2: Analog Output Signal Conditioning Circuit**

## Digital I/O

Digital inputs DI0...DI15 from the RT Box are connected to the 180-pin controlCARD socket. DI16...DI31 are connected to the 100-pin controlCARD

socket. Digital inputs DI28...31 can also be set via four sliding switches provided on the board labeled *DIO-28...DIO-31*.

Digital outputs DO0...DO7 are connected to the 100-pin controlCARD socket. DO11...DO14, DO16...27 are connected to the 180-pin controlCARD socket. DO28...DO31 are connected to four LEDs in the upper right section of the board labeled *DIO-28...DIO-31*.

All the digital input and output signals are buffered through bus transceivers to protect the inputs of the MCU from voltages greater than 3.3 V.

DO15 is connected to the 180-pin controlCARDs MCU reset pin via  $\overline{RST}$  jumper. If the jumper is set a low-level output at DO15 will reset the MCU. Do not set this jumper unless you wish to use this feature. Alternatively, the MCU can be reset using the push button labeled *RESET*.

## CAN Communication

Two electrically isolated CAN transceivers provide CAN communication that can be accessed through a 9-pin D-SUB connector on the bottom left corner of the board. This allows communication among the controlCARDs, if populated together, as well as with external equipment.

Table 2.3 lists the pin assignments of the 9-pin D-SUB connector, 100-pin controlCARD and 180-pin controlCARD sockets.

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**Note** CAN\_L and CAN\_H signals on pins 2 and 7 respectively on the 9-pin D-SUB connector can be terminated with a 120  $\Omega$  resistor using the jumper labeled *CAN TERM* located on the bottom left corner of the board.

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## JTAG Headers

Tables 2.4 and 2.5 list the pin assignments of JTAG headers for the 100-pin controlCARD labeled *JTAG-100* and 180-pin controlCARD labeled *JTAG-180* respectively.

100-pin	CAN Transceiver 1		9-pin connector	CAN Transceiver 2		180-pin
			<b>1</b>			
94	TX1	CAN_L	<b>2</b>	CAN_L	TX2	82
		GND	<b>3</b>	GND		
			<b>4</b>			
			<b>5</b>			
		GND	<b>6</b>	GND		
44	RX1	CAN_H	<b>7</b>	CAN_H	RX2	80
			<b>8</b>			
			<b>9</b>			

**Table 2.3: CAN pin assignment**

100-pin	Function	JTAG-100		Function	100-pin
49	TMS	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$	99
97	TDI	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	GND	
	3 V	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	NC	
98	TDO	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	GND	
48	TCK	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	GND	
48	TCK	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	GND	
100	EMU0	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	EMU1	50

**Table 2.4: JTAG-100 pin assignment**

## SCI Communication

Table 2.6 lists the pin assignments of the unshrouded connector labeled *SCI* for communication with older 100-pin control CARDS.

180-pin	Function	JTAG-180		Function	180-pin
3	TMS	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	$\overline{\text{TRST}}$	4
8	TDI	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	GND	
	3 V	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	NC	
6	TDO	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	GND	
5	TCK	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	GND	
5	TCK	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	GND	
2	EMU0	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	EMU1	1

**Table 2.5: JTAG-180 pin assignment**

SCI	Function	100-pin
<b>1</b>	GND -	
<b>2</b>	NC	
<b>3</b>	VCC +	
<b>4</b>	TX <	43
<b>5</b>	RX >	93
<b>6</b>	NC	

**Table 2.6: SCI pin assignment**

## Connectors

The following table contains the part numbers of the connectors and stand-off assembly used on the controlCARD interface board. For dimensions of the front panel of the RT Box, refer to the RT Box manual.

<b>Sl. No.</b>	<b>Manufacturer</b>	<b>Part Number</b>	<b>Description</b>
1	Samtec Inc.	HSEC8-160-01-SM-DV-A	120-pin Female
2	Samtec Inc.	HSEC8-130-01-SM-DV-A	60-pin Female
3	Texas Instruments	TMDSDIM100CON5PK	100-pin Socket
4	Conec	DLS1XP5AK40X	9-pin D-Sub Male
5	TE's AMP Connectors	5104338-2	14-pin Header
6	3M	961106-6404-AR	6-pin Header
7	3M	961102-6404-AR	2-pin Header
8	Radiall	R141426161	BNC Connector
9	Assmann WSW Components	A-DS 37 A/KG-T4S	37-pin D-Sub Male
10	Assmann WSW Components	ASUB-277-37TP25	37-pin D-Sub Stacked
11	Harwin Inc.	R6396-02	Hex Standoff
12	Keystone Electronics	720	Bumper
13	APM Hexseal	RM3X8MM 2701	M3 Screw

**Table 2.7: Connectors and standoff assembly**





# Appendix

Tables 3.1 and 3.2 provide more detailed information on the connectivity of the 180-pin controlCARD socket; table 3.4 provides more detailed information on the connectivity of the 100-pin controlCARD socket. For each controlCARD, the RT Box I/O is shown beside the controlCARD socket pins and the processor peripherals available at those pins.

## TI F28379D ControlCard Pin Map

Function	RT Box	180-pin		RT Box	Function
JTAG-EMU1		<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>		JTAG-EMU0
JTAG-TMS		<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>		JTAG-TRSTn
JTAG-TCK		<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>		JTAG-TDO
		<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>		JTAG-TDI
ADC-A0	AO15	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>		
ADC-A1	AO13	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	AO14	ADC-B0
		<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	AO12	ADC-B1
ADC-A2	AO11	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>		
ADC-A3	AO9	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	AO10	ADC-B2
		<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>	AO8	ADC-B3
ADC-A4	AO7	<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>		
ADC-A5	AO5	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	AO6	ADC-B4
ADCIN14	AO3	<b>25</b>	<b>26</b>	AO4	ADC-B5
ADCIN15	AO1	<b>27</b>	<b>28</b>	AO2	ADC-D0
		<b>29</b>	<b>30</b>	AO0	ADC-D1
	NC	<b>31...48</b>		NC	
PWM1A, GPIO-00	DI0	<b>49</b>	<b>50</b>	DI4	PWM3A, GPIO-04
PWM1B, GPIO-01	DI1	<b>51</b>	<b>52</b>	DI5	PWM3B, GPIO-05
PWM2A, GPIO-02	DI2	<b>53</b>	<b>54</b>	DI6	PWM4A, GPIO-06
PWM2B, GPIO-03	DI3	<b>55</b>	<b>56</b>	DI7	PWM4B, GPIO-07
PWM5A, GPIO-08	DI8	<b>57</b>	<b>58</b>	DI12	PWM7A, GPIO-12
PWM5B, GPIO-09	DI9	<b>59</b>	<b>60</b>	DI13	PWM7B, GPIO-13
PWM6A, GPIO-10	DI10	<b>61</b>	<b>62</b>	DO11	PWM8A, GPIO-14
PWM6B, GPIO-11	DI11	<b>63</b>	<b>64</b>	DO12	PWM8B, GPIO-15

Function	RT Box	180-pin		RT Box	Function
		<b>65</b>	<b>66</b>		
		<b>67</b>	<b>68</b>	DO13	QEP1A, GPIO-20
		<b>69</b>	<b>70</b>	DO14	QEP1B, GPIO-21
		<b>71</b>	<b>72</b>	DO27	QEP1S, GPIO-22
		<b>73</b>	<b>74</b>	DO26	QEP1I, GPIO-23
SPISIMOB, GPIO-24	DO25	<b>75</b>	<b>76</b>		
SPISOMIB, GPIO-25	DO24	<b>77</b>	<b>78</b>		
SPICLKB, GPIO-26	DO23	<b>79</b>	<b>80</b>		CANRXA, GPIO-30
SPISTEB, GPIO-27	DO22	<b>81</b>	<b>82</b>		CANTXA, GPIO-31
		<b>83</b>	<b>84</b>		
		<b>85</b>	<b>86</b>		
		<b>87</b>	<b>88</b>	DI14	GPIO-39
GPIO-40	DO21	<b>89</b>	<b>90</b>	DI15	GPIO-44
GPIO-41	DO20	<b>91</b>	<b>92</b>		
		<b>93</b>	<b>94</b>		
		<b>95</b>	<b>96</b>		
		<b>97</b>	<b>98</b>		
		<b>99</b>	<b>100</b>	DO19	QEP2A, GPIO-54
		<b>101</b>	<b>102</b>	DO18	QEP2B, GPIO-55
		<b>103</b>	<b>104</b>	DO17	QEP2S, GPIO-56
		<b>105</b>	<b>106</b>	DO16	QEP2I, GPIO-57
	NC	<b>107...118</b>		NC	
		<b>119</b>	<b>120</b>	DO15	XRSn
	NC	<b>121...180</b>		NC	

Table 3.1: TI 28379D ControlCard pin map

## TI F280049M controlCARD Pin Map

Function	RT Box	180-pin		RT Box	Function
JTAG-EMU1		<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>		JTAG-EMU0
JTAG-TMS		<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>		JTAG-TRSTn
JTAG-TCK		<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>		JTAG-TDO
		<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>		JTAG-TDI
ADC-A0, B15, C15, DACA	AO15	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>		
ADC-A1, DACB	AO13	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	AO14	ADC-B0
		<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	AO12	ADC-B1, A10, C10, PGA7_IN
ADC-A2, B6, PGA1_IN	AO11	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>		
ADC-A3	AO9	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	AO10	ADC-B2, C6, PGA3_IN
		<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>	AO8	ADC-B3, VDAC
ADC-A4, B8, PGA2_IN	AO7	<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>		
ADC-A5	AO5	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	AO6	ADC-B4, C8, C3, PGA4_IN
ADC-A6, PGA5_IN	AO3	<b>25</b>	<b>26</b>	AO4	ADC-C0
ADC-A9	AO1	<b>27</b>	<b>28</b>	AO2	ADC-C1
		<b>29</b>	<b>30</b>	AO0	ADC-C2
	NC	<b>31...48</b>		NC	
PWM1A, GPIO-00	DI0	<b>49</b>	<b>50</b>	DI4	PWM3A, GPIO-04
PWM1B, GPIO-01	DI1	<b>51</b>	<b>52</b>	DI5	PWM3B, GPIO-05
PWM2A, GPIO-02	DI2	<b>53</b>	<b>54</b>	DI6	PWM4A, GPIO-06
PWM2B, GPIO-03	DI3	<b>55</b>	<b>56</b>	DI7	PWM4B, GPIO-07
PWM7A, GPIO-12	DI8	<b>57</b>	<b>58</b>	DI12	PWM5A, GPIO-37
PWM7B, GPIO-13	DI9	<b>59</b>	<b>60</b>	DI13	PWM6A, GPIO-35
PWM8A, GPIO-14	DI10	<b>61</b>	<b>62</b>	DO11	GPIO-39
PWM8B, GPIO-15	DI11	<b>63</b>	<b>64</b>	DO12	GPIO-23

Function	RT Box	180-pin		RT Box	Function
		<b>65</b>	<b>66</b>		
		<b>67</b>	<b>68</b>	DO13	QEP1A, GPIO-40
		<b>69</b>	<b>70</b>	DO14	QEP1B, GPIO-57
		<b>71</b>	<b>72</b>	DO27	QEP1S, GPIO-22
		<b>73</b>	<b>74</b>	DO26	QEP1I, GPIO-31
SPISIMOB, GPIO-24	DO25	<b>75</b>	<b>76</b>		
SPISOMIB, GPIO-25	DO24	<b>77</b>	<b>78</b>		
SPICLKB, GPIO-26	DO23	<b>79</b>	<b>80</b>		CANRXA, GPIO-30
SPISTEB, GPIO-27	DO22	<b>81</b>	<b>82</b>		CANTXA, GPIO-32
		<b>83</b>	<b>84</b>		
		<b>85</b>	<b>86</b>		
		<b>87</b>	<b>88</b>	DI14	NC
GPIO-18	DO21	<b>89</b>	<b>90</b>	DI15	NC
NC	DO20	<b>91</b>	<b>92</b>		
		<b>93</b>	<b>94</b>		
		<b>95</b>	<b>96</b>		
		<b>97</b>	<b>98</b>		
		<b>99</b>	<b>100</b>	DO19	QEP2A, GPIO-24
		<b>101</b>	<b>102</b>	DO18	QEP2B, GPIO-25
		<b>103</b>	<b>104</b>	DO17	NC
		<b>105</b>	<b>106</b>	DO16	NC
	NC	<b>107 ... 118</b>		NC	
		<b>119</b>	<b>120</b>	DO15	XRSn
	NC	<b>121 ... 180</b>		NC	

Table 3.2: TI F280049M controlCARD pin map

## TI F28388D ControlCard Pin Map

Function	RT Box	180-pin		RT Box	Function
JTAG-EMU1		<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>		JTAG-EMU0
JTAG-TMS		<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>		JTAG-TRSTn
JTAG-TCK		<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>		JTAG-TDO
		<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>		JTAG-TDI
ADC-A0	AO15	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>		
ADC-A1	AO13	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	AO14	ADC-B0
		<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	AO12	ADC-B1
ADC-A2	AO11	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>		
ADC-A3	AO9	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	AO10	ADC-B2
		<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>	AO8	ADC-B3
ADC-A4	AO7	<b>21</b>	<b>22</b>		
ADC-A5	AO5	<b>23</b>	<b>24</b>	AO6	ADC-B4
ADCIN14	AO3	<b>25</b>	<b>26</b>	AO4	ADC-B5
ADCIN15	AO1	<b>27</b>	<b>28</b>	AO2	ADC-D0
		<b>29</b>	<b>30</b>	AO0	ADC-D1
	NC	<b>31...48</b>		NC	
PWM1A, GPIO-00	DI0	<b>49</b>	<b>50</b>	DI4	PWM3A, GPIO-04
PWM1B, GPIO-01	DI1	<b>51</b>	<b>52</b>	DI5	PWM3B, GPIO-05
PWM2A, GPIO-02	DI2	<b>53</b>	<b>54</b>	DI6	PWM4A, GPIO-06
PWM2B, GPIO-03	DI3	<b>55</b>	<b>56</b>	DI7	PWM4B, GPIO-07
PWM5A, GPIO-08	DI8	<b>57</b>	<b>58</b>	DI12	PWM7A, GPIO-12
PWM5B, GPIO-09	DI9	<b>59</b>	<b>60</b>	DI13	PWM7B, GPIO-13
PWM6A, GPIO-10	DI10	<b>61</b>	<b>62</b>	DO11	PWM8A, GPIO-14
PWM6B, GPIO-11	DI11	<b>63</b>	<b>64</b>	DO12	PWM8B, GPIO-15

Function	RT Box	180-pin		RT Box	Function
		<b>65</b>	<b>66</b>		
		<b>67</b>	<b>68</b>	DO13	QEP1A, GPIO-20
		<b>69</b>	<b>70</b>	DO14	QEP1B, GPIO-21
		<b>71</b>	<b>72</b>	DO27	QEP1S, GPIO-22
		<b>73</b>	<b>74</b>	DO26	QEP1I, GPIO-23
SPISIMOB, GPIO-24	DO25	<b>75</b>	<b>76</b>		
SPISOMIB, GPIO-25	DO24	<b>77</b>	<b>78</b>		
SPICLKB, GPIO-26	DO23	<b>79</b>	<b>80</b>		CANRXA, GPIO-30
SPISTEB, GPIO-27	DO22	<b>81</b>	<b>82</b>		CANTXA, GPIO-31
		<b>83</b>	<b>84</b>		
		<b>85</b>	<b>86</b>		
		<b>87</b>	<b>88</b>	DI14	GPIO-39
GPIO-40	DO21	<b>89</b>	<b>90</b>	DI15	GPIO-125
GPIO-41	DO20	<b>91</b>	<b>92</b>		
		<b>93</b>	<b>94</b>		
		<b>95</b>	<b>96</b>		
		<b>97</b>	<b>98</b>		
		<b>99</b>	<b>100</b>	DO19	QEP2A, GPIO-54
		<b>101</b>	<b>102</b>	DO18	QEP2B, GPIO-55
		<b>103</b>	<b>104</b>	DO17	QEP2S, GPIO-56
		<b>105</b>	<b>106</b>	DO16	QEP2I, GPIO-57
	NC	<b>107 ... 118</b>		NC	
		<b>119</b>	<b>120</b>	DO15	XRSn
	NC	<b>121 ... 180</b>		NC	

Table 3.3: TI 28388D ControlCard pin map

## TI F28335 controlCARD Pin Map

Function	RT Box	100-pin		RT Box	Function
V33D-ISO		<b>1</b>	<b>51</b>		V33D-ISO
		<b>2</b>	<b>52</b>		
		<b>3</b>	<b>53</b>		
		<b>4</b>	<b>54</b>		
		<b>5</b>	<b>55</b>		
GND-ISO		<b>6</b>	<b>56</b>		GND-ISO
ADCIN-B0	AO14	<b>7</b>	<b>57</b>	AO15	ADCIN-A0
GND		<b>8</b>	<b>58</b>		GND
ADCIN-B1	AO12	<b>9</b>	<b>59</b>	AO13	ADCIN-A1
GND		<b>10</b>	<b>60</b>		GND
ADCIN-B2	AO10	<b>11</b>	<b>61</b>	AO11	ADCIN-A2
GND		<b>12</b>	<b>62</b>		GND
ADCIN-B3	AO8	<b>13</b>	<b>63</b>	AO9	ADCIN-A3
GND		<b>14</b>	<b>64</b>		GND
ADCIN-B4	AO6	<b>15</b>	<b>65</b>	AO7	ADCIN-A4
		<b>16</b>	<b>66</b>		
ADCIN-B5	AO4	<b>17</b>	<b>67</b>	AO5	ADCIN-A5
		<b>18</b>	<b>68</b>		
ADCIN-B6	AO2	<b>19</b>	<b>69</b>	AO3	ADCIN-A6
		<b>20</b>	<b>70</b>		
ADCIN-B7	AO0	<b>21</b>	<b>71</b>	AO1	ADCIN-A7
		<b>22</b>	<b>72</b>		
GPIO-00, EPWM-1A	DI17	<b>23</b>	<b>73</b>	DI16	GPIO-01, EPWM-1B
GPIO-02, EPWM-2A	DI19	<b>24</b>	<b>74</b>	DI18	GPIO-03, EPWM-2B



<b>Function</b>	<b>RT Box</b>	<b>100-pin</b>		<b>RT Box</b>	<b>Function</b>
GPIO-04, EPWM-3A	DI21	<b>25</b>	<b>75</b>	DI20	GPIO-05, EPWM-3B, ECAP-1
GPIO-06, EPWM-4A	DI23	<b>26</b>	<b>76</b>	DI22	GPIO-07, EPWM-4B, ECAP-2
GND		<b>27</b>	<b>77</b>		+ 5 V
GPIO-08, EPWM-5A, CANTX-B	DI25	<b>28</b>	<b>78</b>	DI24	GPIO-09, EPWM-5B, SCITX-B, ECAP-3
GPIO-10, EPWM-6A, CANRX-B	DI27	<b>29</b>	<b>79</b>	DI26	GPIO-11, EPWM-6B, SCIRX-B, ECAP-4
GPIO-48, ECAP5	DI29	<b>30</b>	<b>80</b>	DI28	GPIO-49, ECAP6
		<b>31</b>	<b>81</b>		
		<b>32</b>	<b>82</b>		+ 5 V
		<b>33</b>	<b>83</b>	DO0	GPIO-13, TZ-2, CANRX-B
		<b>34</b>	<b>84</b>	DO5	GPIO-14, TZ-3, SCITX-B
GPIO-24, ECAP-1, EQEPA-2	DO6	<b>35</b>	<b>85</b>	DO7	GPIO-25, ECAP-2, EQEPB-2
GPIO-26, ECAP-3, EQEPI-2	DO4	<b>36</b>	<b>86</b>		
GND		<b>37</b>	<b>87</b>		+ 5 V
		<b>38</b>	<b>88</b>		
		<b>39</b>	<b>89</b>		
GPIO-20, EQEPA-1, CANTX-B	DO2	<b>40</b>	<b>90</b>	DO3	GPIO-21, EQEPB-1, CANRX-B
		<b>41</b>	<b>91</b>	DO1	GPIO-23, EQEPI-1, SCIRX-B
		<b>42</b>	<b>92</b>		+ 5 V
GPIO-28 , SCIRX-A		<b>43</b>	<b>93</b>		GPIO-29, SCITX-A
GPIO-30, CANRX-A		<b>44</b>	<b>94</b>		GPIO-31, CANTX-A
GPIO-32	DI31	<b>45</b>	<b>95</b>	DI30	GPIO-33
		<b>46</b>	<b>96</b>		+ 5 V
GND		<b>47</b>	<b>97</b>		JTAG-TDI

<b>Function</b>	<b>RT Box</b>	<b>100-pin</b>		<b>RT Box</b>	<b>Function</b>
JTAG-TCK		<b>48</b>	<b>98</b>		JTAG-TDO
JTAG-TMS		<b>49</b>	<b>99</b>		JTAG-TRST <sub>n</sub>
JTAG-EMU1		<b>50</b>	<b>100</b>		JTAG-EMU0

**Table 3.4: TI F28335 controlCARD pin map**



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